



Försättssida för: TDTS01/TEN1 går den 2013-03-13 (14-18) i Linköping.

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Fyll i uppgifter för försättsbladet

Datum för tentamen	2013-03-13
Sal (1) Om tentan går i flera salar ska du bifoga ett försättsblad till varje sal och <u>ringa in</u> vilken sal som avses	TER2
Tid	14-18
Kurskod	TDTS01
Provkod	TEN1
Kursnamn/benämning	Datorstödd elektronikkonstruktion
Provnamn/benämning	Skriftlig tentamen
Institution	IDA
Antal uppgifter som ingår i tentamen	13
Jour/Kursansvarig Ange vem som besöker salen	Zebo Peng
Telefon under skrivtiden	0702582067, 013-28 2067
Besöker salen ca kl.	15:45
Kursadministratör/kontaktperson (namn + tfnr + mailaddress)	Liselotte Lundberg, 013-281278, <liselotte.lundberg@liu.se>
Tillåtna hjälpmedel	Engelsk ordbok
Övrigt	
Vilken typ av papper ska användas, rutigt eller linjerat	rutigt
Antal exemplar i påsen	

TEKNISKA HÖGSKOLAN I LINKÖPING
Institutionen för datavetenskap (IDA)
Zebo Peng och Petru Eles

Tentamen i kursen
TDTS 01 Datorstödd elektronikkonstruktion

(Examination on TDTS01 Computer Aided Design of Electronics)

2013-03-13, kl. 14-18

Hjälpmaterial:

Engelsk ordbok.

Supporting material:

English dictionary.

Poänggränser:

Maximal poäng är 40.

För godkänt krävs 20 poäng.

Points:

Maximum points: 40.

You need 20 points to pass the exam.

Jourhavande lärare (Teacher on duty):

Zebo Peng, tel. 070 258 2067 / 013-28 2067

Lycka till (Good Luck)!

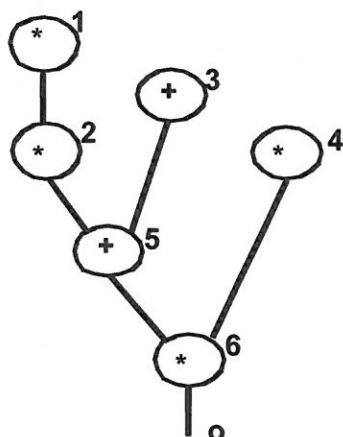
Note: You can give the answers in English or Swedish.

1. a) What does it mean by platform-based design?
b) Describe briefly the two main steps of a platform-based design techniques.
(2 p)

2. a) What are the basic issues of high-level synthesis? Provide a short description for each of the issues.

b) Use the high-level synthesis problem to illustrate the basic idea of a transformational approach. What are the main advantages of such an approach?
(3 p)

3. a) Given the following data flow graph, you are asked to schedule all the operations in four control steps.



Use the force-directed scheduling algorithm to generate the schedule for the multiplication operations (it is assumed that the additions and multiplications cannot share the same hardware unit). You should follow the force-directed method step by step, not just giving the final result.

3. b) What are the advantages and disadvantages of the force-directed scheduling algorithm?
(4 p)

4. a) Define the clique partitioning problem.
b) Which problems of high-level synthesis can be formulated as clique partitioning problems?
c) Describe in detail how a high-level synthesis problem is mapped to a clique partitioning problem.
(3 p)

Note: You can give the answers in English or Swedish.

5. a) What are the two basic approaches used to synthesize a controller? What are the advantages and disadvantages of these two approaches, respectively?
b) What are the differences between horizontal microcodes and vertical microcodes? What are their respective features?

(3 p)

6. a) What are the basic ideas and principles of the Simulated Annealing (SA) algorithm?
b) What are the main advantages of using the SA algorithm, as compared with other optimization heuristics?
c) Identify an optimization problem in high-level synthesis and discuss how it can be solved with the SA technique.

(4 p)

7. a) What is the basic principle of the scan technique? Why is this technique very useful for improving the testability of a design?
b) What does it mean by partial scan?
c) What are advantages and disadvantages of using the partial scan technique?

(3 p)

8. a) What are the main advantages of the built-in self-test (BIST) technique?
b) What is a signature (in the context of BIST)? Why is it used?
c) What is the most common hardware component that is used to generate test patterns in a BIST technique? What are the main features of this component and the test patterns generated by it?

(4 p)

The VHDL Part:

9. Component configuration:

- a) What is component configuration? Why is it needed?
b) We have discussed three ways to solve component configuration. Which are these three alternatives and how do they work?

(3 p)

10. What is special about guarded signals?

We have guarded signals of class register and bus. What is the difference between them?

(2 p)

Note: You can give the answers in English or Swedish.

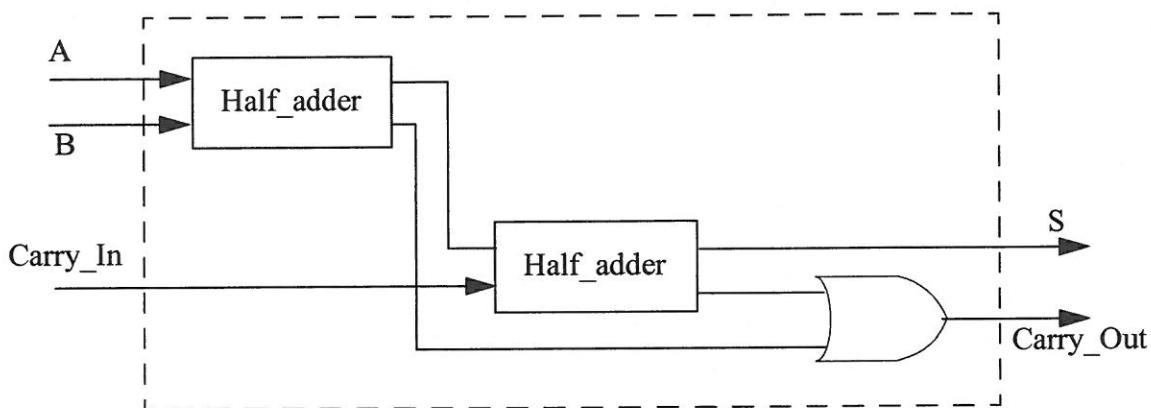
11. We have discussed the following design units a VHDL model is composed of: entity declaration, architecture body, configuration declaration.

Explain which aspect of the model (or of a part of the model) does each of them capture.
(What information regarding the model and its simulation do they carry?).

Illustrate by an example for each of them, considering a very simple circuit.

(3 p)

12. In the figure below you see how a full adder is built out of two half adders and an OR gate.

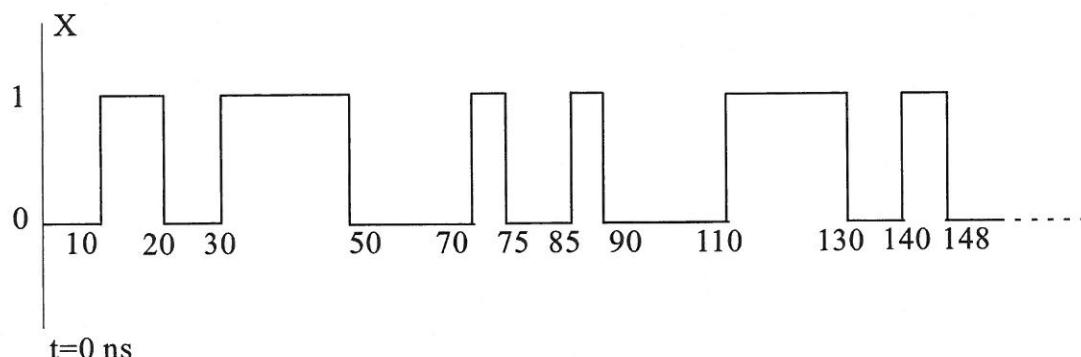


a) Give the entity declarations corresponding to the half adder, the OR gate and the full adder.

b) Give the architecture body corresponding to a structural specification of the full adder.

(3 p)

13. Consider the signal X having the waveform as follows:



Draw the output waveform (Z) if X is applied at the input of a buffer element specified as:

- a) $Z \leq \text{transport } X \text{ after } 15 \text{ ns}$
- b) $Z \leq X \text{ after } 15 \text{ ns}$
- c) $Z \leq \text{reject } 7 \text{ ns inertial } X \text{ after } 25 \text{ ns}$

(3 p)

VHDL QUICK REFERENCE CARD

REVISION 1.0

0 Grouping [] Optional
 {} Repeated ·CAPS Alternative
 bold As is User identifier
 italic

1. LIBRARY UNITS

```
[use_clause]
entity ID is
[generic [(ID : TYPEID [= expr]);]
[port [(ID : In | out | inout TYPEID [= expr]);]
[for ARCHID
[[block_config | comp_config]
end for;]
[use configuration [LIBID.]CONFID
[generic map ((GENID => expr ;)]
[port map ((PORTID => SIGID | expr);)]
end for;
2. DECLARATIONS
2.1. TYPE DECLARATIONS
type ID is ( [ID]; )
type ID is range number downto | to number;
type ID is array ( range | TYPEID; )
of TYPEID | SUBTypeID;
type ID is record
[ID : TYPEID];
end record;
type ID is access TYPEID;
type ID is file of TYPEID;
subtype ID is [RESOLVECTID] TYPEID [range];
range ::= (integer | ENUMID to | downto
integer | ENUMID) | (OBJID[reverse_]range) |
(TYPEID range <>)
2.2. OTHER DECLARATIONS
constant ID : TYPEID := expr;
[shared] variable ID : TYPEID [= expr];
signal ID : TYPEID [= expr];
file ID : TYPEID (is In | out string); |
(open read_mode | write_mode
/ append_mode is string);
alias ID : TYPEID is OBJID;
attribute ATTRID of OBJID | others all : class;
is expr;
class ::=
entity | architecture | configuration |
procedure | function | package | type |
subtype | constant | signal | variable |
component | label
configuration ID of ENTITYID is
for ARCHID
[[block_config | comp_config]
end for;
end [configuration] CONFID;
use_clause::=
library ID;
[[use LIBID.PKGID.all;]]
block_config::=
for LABELID
[[block_config | comp_config]]
end for;
```

```
comp_config ::= for all | LABELID : COMPID
(use entity [LIBID.ENTITYID [(ARCHID)]
[[generic map ((GENID => expr ;)]
[port map ((PORTID => SIGID | expr,));]
[for ARCHID
[[block_config | comp_config]
end for;]
[use configuration [LIBID.]CONFID
[generic map ((GENID => expr ;)]
[port map ((PORTID => SIGID | expr);)]
end for;
3. EXPRESSIONS
expression ::= (relation and relation) |
(relation or relation) |
(relation xor relation)
relation ::= sheexpr [relop sheexpr]
sheexpr ::= sexpr [shop sexpr]
sexpr ::= [+|-] term [addop term]
term ::= factor [mulop factor]
factor ::= (prim [*|** prim]) | (abs prim) | (not prim)
prim ::= literal | OBJID | OBJID'ATTRID | OBJID(expr,)
OBJID(range) | ((choice [if choice] => expr,) |
OBJID((if ARCHID => expr,) ) TYPEID(expr) |
FCTID((if ARCHID => expr,) ) TYPEID(expr) |
TYPEID(expr) | new TYPEID['(expr)] ( expr )
choice ::= term [choice term]
choice ::=
```

```
3.1. OPERATORS, INCREASING PRIORITY
logop and | or
= | < | > | =>
shop sif / sfa / str / rol / rot
addop + | - &
mulop * | / | mod | rem
misop ** | abs | not
See reverse side for additional information.
```

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4. SEQUENTIAL STATEMENTS

```

wait [on {SIGID}] [until expr] [for time];
assert expr [severity note | warning | error | failure];
report string [severity note | warning | error | failure];
report string [severity note / warning / error /
               failure];
SIGID <= [transport] [reject TIME inertial];
[LABEL:] [postponed] SIGID <=
  [transport] [reject TIME inertial];
  [[expr [after time]] / unaffected when expr
  else] [expr [after time]] | unaffected;
[LABEL:] [postponed] with expr select
  [[expr [after time]] |
   unaffected when choice {[choice]}];
LABEL: COMPID
  [[generic map ({GENID => expr,})]
   port map ({PORTID => SIGID,});]
LABEL: entity [LIBID]ENTITTYID [{ARCHID}]
  [[generic map ({GENID => expr,})]
   port map ({PORTID => SIGID,});]
LABEL: configuration [LIBID]CONFID
  [[generic map ({GENID => expr,})]
   port map ({PORTID => SIGID,});]
LABEL: if expr generate
  [[parallel_statement];
   end generate [LABEL];
  LABEL: for ID in range generate
    [[parallel_statement]];
   end generate [LABEL];
  LABEL: if expr generate
    [[parallel_statement];
     end generate [LABEL];
  LABEL: case expr is
    [when choice {[choice]}] =>
      [sequential_statement];
  end case [LABEL];
  LABEL: [while expr] loop
    [sequential_statement];
  end loop [LABEL];
[LABEL:] for ID in range loop
  [sequential_statement];
end loop [LABEL];
next [LOOPLBL] [when expr];
exit [LOOPLBL] [when expr];
return [expression];
null;

```

5. PARALLEL STATEMENTS

```

[LABEL:] block [ls]
  [generic (ID : TYPEID);]
  [generic map ({GENID => expr,})]
  [port (ID : In | out | inout TYPEID);]
  [port map ({PORTID => SIGID | expr,})];
  [declaration];
begin
  [[parallel el_statement];
  end block [LABEL];
[LABEL:] [postponed] process {[SIGID,]}
  [[declaration]];
begin
  [[sequential_statement]];
  [[postponed] process [LABEL];
end [postponed] PROCID([PORTID => expr,]);
[LBL..] [postponed] PROCID([PORTID => expr,]);

```

SIGID'D'transaction(expr)

```

Toggles if signal active
Event on signal?
Activity on signal?
Time since last event
Time since last active
Value before last event
Active driver predicate
Value of driver
Name of object
Pathname of object
Pathname to object

```

7. PREDEFINED TYPES

BOOLEAN	True or false
INTEGER	32 or 64 bits
NATURAL	Integers >= 0
POSITIVE	Integers > 0
REAL	Floating-point
BIT	'0', '1'
VECTOR(NATURAL)	Array of bits
CHARACTER	7-bit ASCII
STRING(POSITIVE)	Array of characters
TIME	hr, min, sec, ms, us, ns, ps, fs
DELAY_LENGTH	Time => 0

8. PREDEFINED FUNCTIONS

NOW	Returns current simulation time
DEALLOCATE(ACCESTYPEOBJ)	Deallocate dynamic object
FILE_OPEN(status, FILEID, string, mode)	Open file
FILE_CLOSE(FILEID)	Close file

9. LEXICAL ELEMENTS

Identifier ::= letter [underline] alphanumeric
decimal literal ::= Integer [. integer] [E[+ -] Integer]
based literal ::= Integer # hexint [, hexint] # [E[+ -] Integer]
bit string literal ::= B[0]X "hexint"
comment ::= -- comment text

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